1. Write a code fragment to create an array named `bunchOfM` of 5 `char` values and to set them all to the character ‘M’.
   
   a) Using an initializer list
   
   b) Using a for-loop

2. Write a code fragment to print the contents of `bunchOfM`

3. Write a method `addTen` with one parameter, an array of int, that adds 10 to each element of the array. The method should not return anything.

4. Trace through the following code and show what gets printed.

```java
int[] a = {100, 200, 300, 400};
int[] b = {1000, 2000, 3000, 4000};
int[] c = a;

for (int i=0; i<a.length; i++)
    a[i] = b[i];

a[1] = 0;
b[2] = 1;
c[3] = 2;

for (int x: a)
    System.out.print(x + " ");
System.out.println();

for (int x: b)
    System.out.print(x + " ");
System.out.println();

for (int x: c)
    System.out.print(x + " ");
System.out.println();
```

**Output:**
1. Trace through the following code and show what gets printed.

```java
int[] a = {100, 200, 300, 400};
int[] b = {1000, 2000, 3000, 4000};
int[] c = b;
for (int i=0; i<a.length; i++)
    b[i] = a[i];
a[1] = 4;
b[2] = 5;
c[3] = 6;
for (int x: a)
    System.out.print(x + " ");
System.out.println();
for (int x: b)
    System.out.print(x + " ");
System.out.println();
for (int x: c)
    System.out.print(x + " ");
System.out.println();
```

Output:

2. Write a code fragment to create an array named `itsAllTrue` of 4 values of type `boolean` and to set them all to the value `true`.

   a) using an initializer list

   b) Using a for-loop

3. Write a code fragment to print the contents of `itsAllTrue`

4. Write a method `addThree` with one parameter, an array of `int`, that adds 3 to each element of the array. The method should not return anything.