1. Complete the code for the method below that exchanges the elements at positions a and b in an array of Strings.

   ```java
   public void oneShuffle(String[] anArray, int a, int b) {
   }
   ```

2. Trace through the following code and show what gets printed.

   ```java
   int[] a = {100, 200, 300, 400};
   int[] b = {1000, 2000, 3000, 4000};
   int[] c = a;

   for (int i=0; i<a.length; i++)
     a[i] = b[i];
   a[1] = 0;
   b[2] = 1;
   c[3] = 2;
   for (int x: a)
     System.out.print(x + " ");
   System.out.println();
   for (int x: b)
     System.out.print(x + " ");
   System.out.println();
   for (int x: c)
     System.out.print(x + " ");
   System.out.println();
   ```

**Output:**

```
1000 2000 300 400
1000 2000 300 400
1000 2000 300 400
```
1. Trace through the following code and show what gets printed.

    int[] a = {100, 200, 300, 400};
    int[] b = {1000, 2000, 3000, 4000};
    int[] c = b;
    for (int i=0; i<a.length; i++)
        b[i] = a[i];
    a[1] = 4;
    b[2] = 5;
    c[3] = 6;
    for (int x: a)
        System.out.print(x + " ");
    System.out.println();
    for (int x: b)
        System.out.print(x + " ");
    System.out.println();
    for (int x: c)
        System.out.print(x + " ");
    System.out.println();

   **Output:**

2. Write a method `addThree` with one parameter, an array of `int`, that adds 3 to each element of the array. The method should not return anything.